

BOARD USAGE OF DATA IN INSTITUTIONAL GOVERNANCE

STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION FOR VIRGINIA: BOARD OF VISITORS ORIENTATION

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TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION

REVISED SIX YEAR PLAN PROCESS

FACT PACKS - DATA TRENDS

SIX YEAR PLANS – A NEW APPROACH

- Biennial six-year higher education planning process outlined in the Code of VA
 - Op Six
 - Consistent visibility on institutional performance, strategy and direction
 - Identify statewide opportunities and challenges across institutions
 - Increased visibility on budget requests in advance of legislative session
 - Compliance focused
- Develop a deep, data-driven, understanding of the current state of public higher education in VA across three broad levers
 - Enrollment volume and composition
 - Student & labor market needs
 - Financial effectiveness, affordability & sustainability
- Preserve and build on existing strengths driven by VA's strong ecosystem with diverse missions, assets, and identities

SIX YEAR PLANS - DATA 'FACT' PACKS

- Op Six, with Boston Consulting Group, spent last two years examining the health, performance, and trajectories of VA's 17
 public higher education institutions, including:
 - VA in the context of US higher ed trends
 - Identification, compilation, and review of key and common metrics across each institution
 - Detailed review of six-year plans submitted including written responses to additional targeted questions, financial projections, and expected budget requests
 - Analysis of recent enrollment projections relative to prior trajectories & demographic trends
 - Pro-Forma financial model looking at all institutional revenues, expenses, tuition revenue, financial aid, looking forward six years
 - In-depth conversations and collaboration with universities
 - Enhanced transparency
 - Viable strategic plans

SIX YEAR PLANS - KEY OBJECTIVES

- DATA TRANSPARENCY Make data more visible & digestible, enhance state data assets to meet stakeholder needs and fill gaps
- FUNDING Deploy state funding (E&G + FinAid) in a more targeted way to drive priorities, incentivize desired actions, strengthen workforce alignment & meet student needs
- RESOURCE EFFECTIVENESS Contain cost growth and reduce costs, by pursuing cross-IHE shared services & more structured
 and consistent program evaluation to improve financial health and institutional outcomes
- SUPPORT Proactively support institutions facing acute challenges through different support mechanisms
- ACCOUNTABILITY Hold institutions accountable for goals, metrics and continuous improvement

SIX YEAR PLANS - KEY TRENDS

- VA remains a national leader in higher education
- Broad set of public IHEs with overall strong student outcomes and strong post-grad outcomes
- Resulting in national recognition as a top state for higher ed
- Given demographic shifts, continuing enrollment challenges, changing perceptions of higher education, the rising cost of fouryear degrees, and the increased prevalence of online learning, higher education is experiencing significant disruption
- Concerns exist regarding the already challenging enrollment environment for many of our institutions, their viability, declining retention & completion outcomes and the continued increase in spending well above inflation

SIX YEAR PLANS – KEY TRENDS

- Ten of 15 institutions had a decline in enrollment during the most recent decade and demographic trends point to further enrollment declines beginning 2025
- Nine institutions have acceptance rates of 85% or higher, significantly increasing over the last decade, and accompanied by decreasing yields and rising tuition discounting
- Nine institutions use 20% or more of their tuition dollars for financial aid, with four using 30%-40% of tuition dollars for financial aid, and growing significantly over the last decade
- At least six institutions predicting enrollment growth despite these trends
- The net price across Virginia's institutions was about 26% higher than public institutions nationwide
- Over the last decade, spending per student grew at all institutions with declining enrollment
- Non-academic spending and scholarship/student aid were the most common spending drivers
- Virginia students borrow more on average than students in other states
- State appropriations are the fastest growing source of higher education revenue and have grown significantly over the last decade and especially the last three fiscal years
- Institutions with declining enrollment receive larger increases in state appropriations
- Institutions are not consistently examining efficiency opportunities previously recommended by JLARC
- Eight institutions had an increase in overall debt levels in the past decade and debt service was a spending driver at seven institutions
- Online enrollment can be a potential strategy to reduce facilities and other costs, especially if in-person enrollment continues to decline

SIX YEAR PLANS – KEY TRENDS CONT'D

- Several institutions now have over one-third of their students learning entirely online. At least two institutions project 40% to 60% of their total headcount to be distance learning by 2029. While five schools do not currently offer any online courses at all.
- Several institutions are well below adequate financial health ratio benchmarks, as measured by the Auditor of Public Accounts
- Some schools offer programs where outcomes are well below peers
- Pro-Forma templates show many institutions facing large tuition increases, growing tuition discounting, and operating losses absent significant enrollment growth, expenditure reductions and additional state funding

SIX YEAR PLANS - WHAT YOU CAN DO

- Review Six Year Plan, current updates, Pro-Forma template and Op Six follow up questions with university leadership
- Use fact pack data when making institutional decisions around programming, funding, cost review etc.